

2006 Final Exam  
Answers, Part I

- |     |   |     |                                |
|-----|---|-----|--------------------------------|
| 1.  | 13  | 14. | C                              |
| 2.  | C   | 15. | D                              |
| 3.  | 13.86%  | 16. | 5000 miles                     |
| 4.  | B   | 17. | $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+2)^2(x-4)$ |
| 5.  | $h(t) = -16(t-3)^2 + 148$                     | 18. | $-\frac{1}{2}$                 |
| 6.  | 5   | 19. | C                              |
| 7.  | $a - b$                                       | 20. | B                              |
| 8.  | B   | 21. | $\frac{\ln(e+2)}{e+1}$         |
| 9.  | $h(x) = f(x+4) + 2$                           | 22. | B                              |
| 10. | $x = e^n + a$                                 | 23. | E                              |
| 11. | D   | 24. | B                              |
| 12. | 5 people                                      | 25. | C                              |
| 13. | $y = 2 \sin\left(\frac{2}{3}\pi t\right) + 1$ |     |                                |

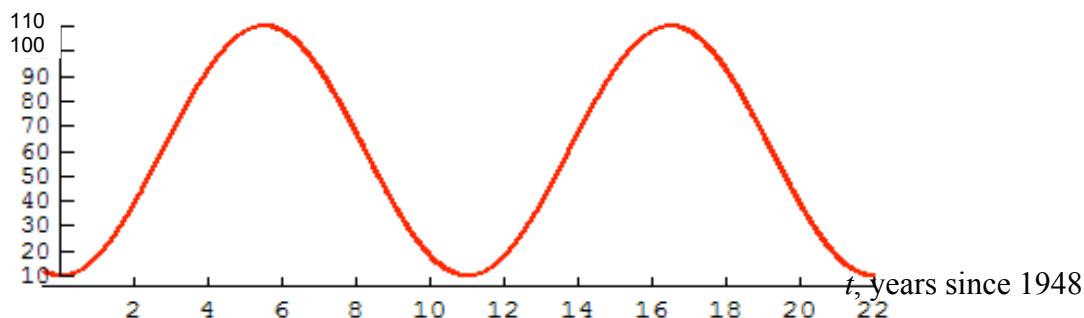
**2006 Final Exam  
Solutions, Part II**

1. a.  $A(t) = (6 + 3t)(4 + t) = 3t^2 + 18t + 24$   
 b.  $A(2) = 72 \text{ mi}^2$   
 c.  $3t^2 + 18t + 24 = 240 \rightarrow 3t^2 + 18t - 216 = 0 \rightarrow (t + 12)(t - 6) = 0 \rightarrow \text{Domain: } [0, 6] \text{ min.}$

2. a.  $h(0) = f(0) - g(0) \rightarrow h(0) = -4 - 7 = -11$ .  
 b.  $0 = f(x) - g(x) \rightarrow f(x) = g(x) \rightarrow x = -1 \text{ and } x = 3$ .  
 c.  $h(x) = \frac{11}{3}(x + 1)(x - 3)$ .  
 d.  $x = -1 \text{ and } x = 3$ .

3. a. Period = 11 years.

- b.  $N$ , number of sunspots



c.  $N(t) = 60 - 50 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi t}{11}\right)$ .

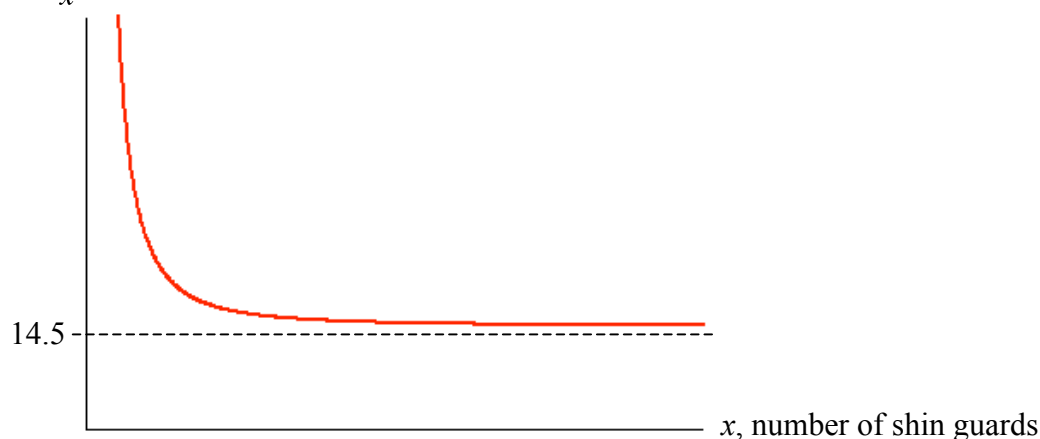
- d. In 2006, one would expect  $\approx 67$  sunspots. (Exact value is 67.11 which is not in the domain).

4. a.  $0.38 = b^{45} \rightarrow b = 0.9787$ , so  $N(t) = 5.64(0.9787)^t$ .

b.  $N(57) = 5.64(0.9787)^{57} \rightarrow$  In 2007, 1.653 million farms will exist.

c.  $F = 5.64(0.9787)^t \rightarrow \log\left(\frac{F}{5.64}\right) = t \log 0.9787 \rightarrow t = \frac{\log\left(\frac{F}{5.64}\right)}{\log 0.9787}$ .

5. a.  $C(x) = 10,000 + 14.5x$ .  
 b.  $\frac{C(x)}{x}$  is the average cost per shin guard per week.  
 c.  $\frac{C(x)}{x}$ , average cost per shin guard per week.



- d.  $\frac{C(x)}{x} < k \rightarrow \frac{10,000 + 14.5x}{x} < k \rightarrow x > \frac{10,000}{k - 14.5}$ .
- e.  $P^{-1}(x)$  is the number of shin guards that has to be produced to be sold if a profit of  $\$P$  was made.
6. a.  $\log(x - 15) + \log x = 2 \rightarrow \log[x(x - 15)] = 2 \rightarrow x^2 - 15x = 10^2$   
 $x^2 - 15x - 100 = 0$   
 $(x - 20)(x + 5) = 0$   
 $x = 20$ .
- b.  $\sin^2 x = \sin x \cos x \rightarrow \sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x = 0$   
 $\sin x(\sin x - \cos x) = 0$   
 $\sin x = 0$  and  $\sin x = \cos x$   
 $x = 0, \pi$  and  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}$ .
7. a.  $S = f(w) = 0.57w + 23.96$ .  
 b.  $f(135) = 100.91$  ft.  
 c.  $0.57w + 23.96 = 200 - (50 + 6) \rightarrow 0.57w + 23.96 = 144$   
 $w = 210.6$  lbs.  
 d. No, since the weight of 210.6 lbs is outside the known values. It is possible that the stretch would be more variable at higher weights.